

ly, erected by the Archbishop and the administrators of the Archi-diocese of Quebec, but so remote as to render the erection for civil purposes by the Commissioners inconvenient and expensive, are declared to be civil parishes.

TRANSFER OF PRISONERS.

Cap. 9—The L. G. in C. may by proclamation constitute the gaol of one district, the gaol of another also, and prisoners from the latter may be transferred to such gaol as if the crime for which he is imprisoned had been committed in the former district. He may be taken back to his first place of confinement for trial. A letter from the Provincial Secretary is a sufficient warrant for such transfers. The L. G. in C. may also authorize and cause to be provided more than one gaol in a district.

REGISTRY OFFICES—QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

Cap. 10—The L. G. in C. may authorize the acquiring or building new Registry offices for these cities, and when they are properly fitted with fire proof vaults, &c., the removal of the books, &c., from the Court Houses to them.

RECORDER'S COURT—QUEBEC.

Cap. 11—Gives this Court jurisdiction over non-resident rate-payers. It has also summary jurisdiction in all cases of the lease, occupation, &c., of market stalls or any other Corporation property, and in all cases of ejection of tenants or rescission of leases under Art. 1,624, C.C., with all the powers of Judges of the Superior Courts. In all suits by private individuals counsel fees may be allowed, and private prosecutors condemned to pay costs or be imprisoned for 1 month in default.

EDUCATION.

Cap. 12—The Corporation of Montreal must pay a tax of one-tenth of a cent per \$ of the rateable property for the support of education, and the provisions of the 24 V., c. 67, respecting the method of making appropriations, shall not apply to this. The Boards of Comrs. may each annually set aside \$8,000 for acquiring real estate and building school houses, and may borrow money and issue 20 years debentures therefor, making them a privileged claim or hypothec upon all their real estate, without need of registration. A salary not exceeding \$1,200 may be allowed the Secretary-Treasurer in lieu of any per centage. Meetings of Commissioners or Trustees anywhere in the Province are to be called by the Secretary-Treasurer, or in his absence by the Chairman, by reading and posting up the notice as required by C. S. L. C., c. 15, under a penalty of \$10 to \$50, as well as those imposed by s. 121 of said Act. A head of a family refusing to give the Secretary-Treasurer the necessary information for the census of children under said Act is liable to a fine of \$5 to \$25 and s. 126. The Chairman of the School Commissioners, or in his absence a Commissioner who can read and write, or in their absence any other person who can do so, chosen by those present, presides at meetings. Jews in Quebec or Montreal may cause their property to be inscribed on either panel. The Boards in those cities are created corporations. The statement of the Quebec Assessment Board made

since the passing of the 32 V., c. 16, is declared valid, as if made under and in conformity with that Act. The sum appropriated for the School Boards of Quebec are due by the corporation, irrespective of the imposition or collection of any tax.

THE NOTARIAL PROFESSION.

Cap. 13—Amends 33 V., c. 28. The approval of the President or Vice-President is sufficient for the appointment of deputy or assistant-Secretary of the Board. The Board is to consist of 40 members—the district of Iberville to have 2. The funds of the late Boards are the property of the new. A certified copy of any document attached to a minute is authentic and *prima facie* proof. No person may act as a Notary while cashier, assistant cashier or clerk of a Bank or other monetary institution. A Notary not making his return of residence, &c., within the 6 months, is held to have ceased to practice. A fee of \$2 each is to be paid annually to a common fund by each Notary, but this may be increased or diminished by the Board;—the financial year to commence on the 1st March. Physics and Mathematics are substituted for Rhetoric in the course of study. A candidate for admission to practice rejected thrice cannot again apply or be admitted. Students regularly indentured before 1st March, 1871, only pay a fee of \$25, to the Treasurer of the Board. Those afterwards indentured \$25 also, to the Provincial Secretary for their commission. All indentures and transfers to be enregistered with the Board within 30 days of date.

GOLD MINING.

Cap. 14—Amends the Act of 1868, giving the Inspector right to refuse to grant a license or to rescind it.

COLONIZATION SOCIETIES.

Cap. 15—The period for granting aid to these societies is extended to 30th June, 1875.

MUTUAL INSURANCE CO'S.

Cap. 16—Local Mutual Insurance Co's may appoint agents for localities outside of the County or Counties for which they are formed, who may enter into engagements with insurers, as the Co. may do within such County, &c. Any person who cannot write may sign his application or deposit note with his mark attested by 1 witness—an officer of the Co. being competent. When Directors entertain doubts whether there has not been fraud or misrepresentation respecting the insurance or the loss, they may on occurrence of such loss appoint the expert to examine into the matter without tendering any sum or admitting or refusing the claim. The cause of action on a policy is held to be in the district where the Co. has its chief office.

CEMETERY COMPANIES.

Cap. 17—Cemetery Co's may receive and hold 25 arpents of land for the purposes of a cemetery.

ENCOURAGEMENT OF MANUFACTORIES.

Cap. 18—Gives Municipal Councils the right to exempt Manufactories established within their limits, from taxation for a period not exceeding 10 years. A by-law to